

Gives More: The New Tax Law and Multi-Generational Gift Planning

May 4, 2018

Today

- Changes to Calculations
- What Was Added / Expanded?
- What Was Limited/Eliminated?
- Changes to Deductions
- Changes to Charitable Deductions
- Examples
- How is philanthropic planned giving affected?
- How can we change the conversation with the donors?

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Select Highlights of the 2017 Tax Cut & Jobs Act

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Tax Cuts and Jobs Act

- AKA "Reconciliation Act of 2017" or the "2017 Tax Act" (Full-employment Act for Tax Lawyers & Accountants)
- Signed into law on December 22, 2017 as a Christmas present (unless you live in California)
- Effective beginning taxable year after 2017, with individual provisions sun-setting at the end of 2025
- Not a lot of **real** tax reform
- Simplification for some

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Individual Income Tax

Changes to Calculations

- Rate Brackets still 7, but with top rate of 37% starting at \$500K for individuals and \$600K for married filing jointly (marriage penalty of about \$8K)
- Indexing Measurement is based on "Chained CPI"; will result in lower increases of threshold amounts and may put more taxpayers in higher brackets faster
- Standard deductions increased to \$24,000 for married individuals, personal exemptions are eliminated
- Kiddie Tax eliminated and replaced with applying ordinary and capital gains rates applicable to trusts and estates

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Individual Income Tax

What Was Eliminated?

- Pease Limitation. Eliminated the reduction of most itemized deductions by 3% of the amount by which the Adjusted Gross Income exceeds a threshold amount but with a maximum reduction of 80% is eliminated for 2018 to 2025.
- Alimony Adjustment to Income. Alimony payments will not be deductible and not includible in income by the recipient.
- Mandate for Health Insurance. Eliminates individual mandate for having qualifying health insurance beginning after 2018.

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Individual Income Tax

What Was Added / Expanded?

- Medical Expenses. Expanded the ability to deduct medical expenses by lowering the threshold from 10% to 7.5% of AGI.
- Alternative Minimum Tax. Increased the exemption for individuals is increased from \$78,750 to \$109,400 and the phaseout threshold is increased from \$150,000 to \$1M (indexed).
- Application of 529 Accounts. Expanded to include elementary and secondary schools.

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Individual Income Tax

Changes to Itemized Deductions

- Home Mortgage Interest Deduction interest for acquisition indebtedness of a residence is limited to the interest on \$750k (down from \$1M) debt incurred after December 15, 2017
- State & Local Taxes Deduction, including income, real estate property and personal property taxes (<u>not related to trade or</u> <u>business</u>) is limited to \$10k
- Miscellaneous Itemized Deductions suspended deductions of expenses traditionally deductible to the extent it exceeded 2% of Adjusted Gross Income e.g., investment management expenses and tax preparation fees

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Individual Income Tax

Changes to Charitable Deductions

- Charitable Deduction increased limitation on <u>cash</u> contributions to public charities and certain other organizations to 60% of the "contribution base" up from 50% for tax years 2018 to 2025
- Five year carryover for unused contribution deductions
- Seating at an athletic event in an athletic stadium of such institution received by the donor as part of a charitable contribution is 100% no longer deductible
- Appraisal fees for charitable contributions are no longer deductible

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Examples: Wage Income

	Pre-Tax Act	Post-Tax Act
INCOME		
Wages	1,300,000	1,300,000
Qualified Dividends	400,000	400,000
Interest & Non-qualified Dividends	190,000	190,000
Self-employment income from Pass Thru	200,000	200,000
Self-employment income (Board of Director fees)	95,000	95,000
Short-term Investment Portfolio Gains/(Losses)	200,000	200,000
Long-term Investment Portfolio Gains/(Losses)	100,000	100,000
TOTAL INCOME	2,485,000	2,485,000
ADJUSTMENTS		
Self-employment Tax Deduction	(12,000)	(12,000)
ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME (AGI)	2,473,000	2,473,000
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Examples: Wage Income

	Pre-Tax Act	Post-Tax Act
DEDUCTIONS		
State & Local Taxes	(361,000)	(10,000)
Interest Expense	-	-
Miscellaneous Expenses (2% Limitations)	(162,000)	-
3% of Adjusted Gross Income Floor (Pease Limitation)	65,000	-
TOTAL ITEMIZED DEDUCTION	(458,000)	(10,000)
STANDARD DEDUCTION	(12,700)	(24,000)
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS AGAINST AGI	(458,000)	(24,000)
TAXABLE INCOME	2,015,000	2,449,000
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Examples: Wage Income

	Pre-Tax Act	Post-Tax Act
TAXES		
\$500,000 Taxed @ 20% Rate	100,000	100,000
Balance Taxed @ Ordinary Income Brackets	545,000	660,000
Self-employment Tax	24,000	24,000
High Income Medicare Tax	12,000	12,000
Net Investment Income Tax (3.8%)	30,000	34,000
Variance: \$119,000 TOTAL FEDERAL TAXES	711,000	830,000
Marginal Nominal Federal Rates	39.6%	37.0%
Effective Federal Rates (with Phase-outs)	41.0%	37.0%
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Example: Wage Income & Charity

	Pre-Tax Act	Post-Tax Act
INCOME		
Wages	1,300,000	1,300,000
Qualified Dividends	400,000	400,000
Interest & Non-qualified Dividends	190,000	190,000
Self-employment Income from Pass Thru	200,000	200,000
Self-employment Income (Board of Director fees)	95,000	95,000
Short-term Investment Portfolio Gains / (Losses)	200,000	200,000
Long-term Investment Portfolio Gains / (Losses)	100,000	100,000
TOTAL INCOME	2,485,000	2,485,000
ADJUSTMENTS		
Self-employment Tax Deduction	(12,000)	(12,000)
ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME (AGI)	2,473,000	2,473,000
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Example: Wage Income & Charity

	Pre-Tax Act	Post-Tax Act
DEDUCTIONS		
Charitable Cash Contributions	(1,237,000)	(1,300,000)
State & Local Taxes	(196,000)	(10,000)
Interest Expense	-	-
Miscellaneous Expenses (2% Limitations)	(162,000)	-
3% of Adjusted Gross Income Floor (Pease Limitation)	65,000	-
TOTAL ITEMIZED DEDUCTION	(1,530,000)	(1,310,000)
STANDARD DEDUCTION	(12,700)	(24,000)
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS AGAINST AGI	(1,530,000)	(1,310,000)
TAXABLE INCOME	943,000	1,163,000
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Example: Wage Income & Charity

	Pre-Tax Act	Post-Tax Act
TAXES		
\$500,000 Taxed @ 20% Rate	100,000	100,000
Balance Taxed @ Ordinary Income Brackets	120,000	184,000
Self-employment Tax	24,000	24,000
High Income Medicare Tax	12,000	12,000
Net Investment Income Tax (3.8%)	32,000	34,000
Variance: \$66,000 TOTAL FEDERAL TAXES	288,000	354,000
Marginal Federal Rates (with Phaseouts)	35.0%	37.0%
Effective Federal Rates	36.0%	37.0%
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Example: Carried Interest

	Pre-Tax Act	Post-Tax Act
INCOME		
Wages	-	-
Qualified Dividends	400,000	400,000
Interest & Non-qualified Dividends	190,000	190,000
Self-employment Income from Pass-thru	200,000	200,000
Self-employment Income (Board of Director fees)	95,000	95,000
Short-term Investment Portfolio Gains / (Losses)	200,000	200,000
Long-term Investment Portfolio Gains / (Losses)	1,400,000	1,400,000
TOTAL INCOME	2,485,000	2,485,000
ADJUSTMENTS		
Self-employment Tax Deduction	(17,000)	(17,000)
ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME (AGI)	2,468,000	2,468,000
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Example: Carried Interest

	Pre-Tax Act	Post-Tax Act
DEDUCTIONS		
Charitable Contributions	(1,234,000)	(1,300,000)
State & Local Taxes	(185,000)	(10,000)
Interest Expense	(84,000)	(84,000)
Miscellaneous Expenses (2% Limitations)	(162,000)	-
3% of Adjusted Gross Income Floor (Pease Limitation)	65,000	-
TOTAL ITEMIZED DEDUCTION	(1,600,000)	(1,394,000)
STANDARD DEDUCTION	(12,700)	(24,000)
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS AGAINST AGI	(1,600,000)	(1,394,000)
TAXABLE INCOME	868,000	1,074,000
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Example: Carried Interest

	Pre-Tax Act	Post-Tax Act
TAXES		
Taxed @ Capital Gains Rate	138,000	179,000
Alternative Minimum Tax	34,000	-
Self-employment Tax	35,000	35,000
High Income Medicare Tax	-	-
Net Investment Income Tax (3.8%)	77,000	81,000
Variance: \$11,000 TOTAL FEDERAL TAXES	284,000	295,000
Marginal Federal Rates (with Phaseouts)	26.0%	20.0%
Effective Federal Rates	26.0%	17.0%
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Estate, Gift & GST Tax

- Doubles the exclusion amount for transfers (at death or during life) beginning in 2018 (through 2025)
- Amount doubled is \$5,000,000 (indexed for inflation based on "Chained-CPI"), which is approximately \$11,200,000 for 2018
- Provision sunsets beginning 2026
- **Planning idea:** Die or make lifetime gifting before the end of 2025!

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Why You Should Gift before 2025

(Assumes death after 2025)	No Gift	Yes Gift
Estate	25,000,000	25,000,000
Gift	-	12,000,000
Gift Tax Payable	-	4,745,800
Unified Credit	-	(3,945,800)
Gift Tax Paid during life before 2025	-	800,000
Taxable Estate @ Death after 2025	25,000,000	13,000,000
Adjusted Taxable Gift	-	12,000,000
Total	25,000,000	25,000,000
Tax on Total	9,945,800	9,945,800
Credit for Gift Tax Paid	-	(2,800,000)
Unified Credit	(1,945,800)	(1,945,800)
TAX @ DEATH	8,000,000	5,200,000
Savings on Taxes Paid (40% of the additional \$5M exemption)		2,000,000
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Bipartisan Budget Act of 2018 (BBA)

- AKA "2018 Budget Act" ending a brief government shutdown
- 2-year budget bill
- · Extended several expiring individual tax provisions
- Added Private Foundation related tax provisions:
 - 1.4% excise tax on private investments for colleges and universities
 - Excessive business holdings tax exemption that meets certain criteria

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How could tax reform affect philanthropic planned giving?

Let's discuss...

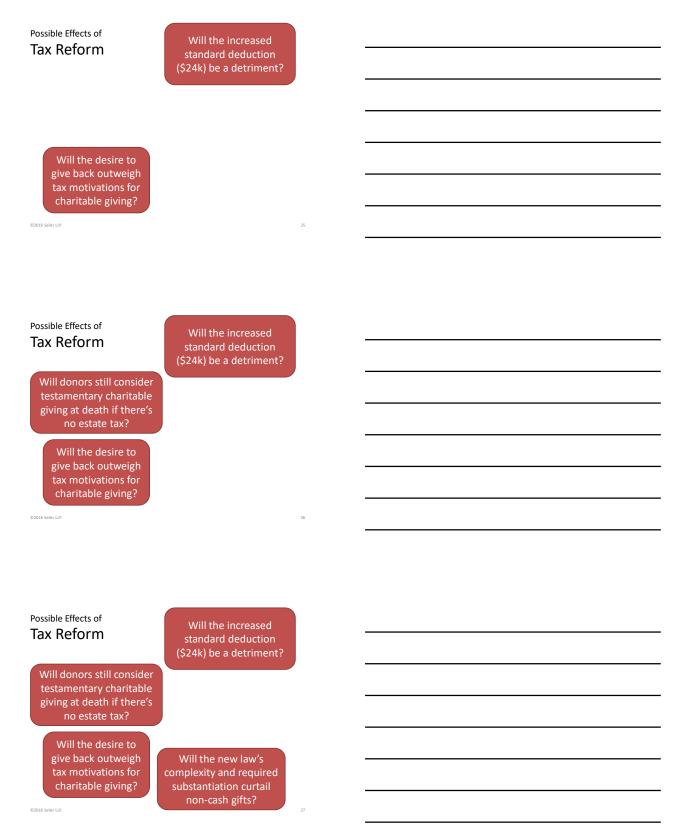
Possible Effects of Tax Reform

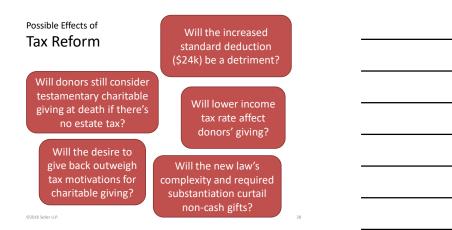
Will the increased standard deduction (\$24k) be a detriment?

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The Family That Gives Together Gives More: The New Tax Law and Multi-Generational Gift Planning

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Possible Effects of the Economy & Political Climate

Will the decrease in the government funding for certain programs increase charitable giving for those causes?

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Will the potential increase in interest rates affect the motivation for use of certain split interest charitable planning techniques?

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Possible Effects of the Economy & Political Climate

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Will the potential increase in interest rates affect the motivation for use of certain split interest charitable planning techniques?

> Will market volatility affect gifts of appreciated assets?

Will the potential increase in

interest rates affect the

motivation for use of certain

split interest charitable

planning techniques?

Will market volatility

affect gifts of

appreciated assets?

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Possible Effects of the

Economy & Political Climate

Will the decrease in the government funding for certain programs increase charitable giving for those causes?

Will the increased use of Donor Advised Funds be a detriment to charitable organizations?

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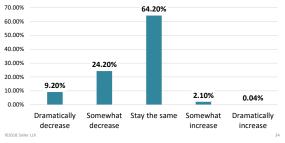
Survey Says ...

 In 2015, asked if you will receive no income tax deductions for charitable giving, would your charitable giving increase, decrease or stay the same?

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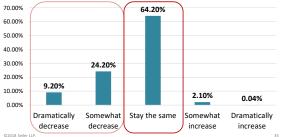
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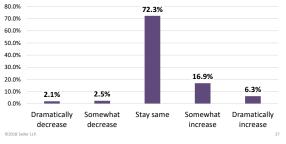
Survey Says ...

 In 2015, asked if the estate tax were permanently eliminated, would the amount you left to charity in your estate plan increase, decrease or stay the same?

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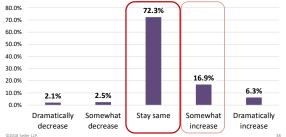
Survey Says ...

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Survey	Savs	

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Now, please share with the group, how else is your organization being impacted so far

The Family That Gives Together Gives More:

The New Tax Law and Multi-Generational Gift Planning May 4, 2018 | Northern California Planned Giving Conference

Changing the Conversation: How to get ahead of possible negative effects to charitable giving

A Contemporary View

The Four Pillars of Wealth Transfer

- Estate Planning the process of transferring wealth from one generation to another, beyond tax and legal
- 2. Tax Planning minimizing the cost of the wealth accumulation and wealth transfer by planning for the income, gift and estate taxes
- Asset Management includes financial capital, social reputation, health and other intangible familial legacies.
- Philanthropic Planning an aspirational sharing of wealth, time and talent with the community at large beyond the family

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3 Major Causes of Wealth Transition Failure

 60% of the transition failures are caused by breakdown of communications and trust within the family unit – lack of reliability, sincerity and competence



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3 Major Causes of Wealth Transition Failure

- 2. 25% of the failures were caused by inadequately prepared heirs
 - Grantors not communicating with heir
 - Grantors not providing heirs with the education on how to handle financial responsibility and be stewards for the future



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3 Major Causes of Wealth Transition Failure



- 3. 15% of failures are a combination of unplanned taxes, legal issues, lack of clarity of family mission
 - 3% of the 15% due to lack of professional financial guidance

Now, why is this important?

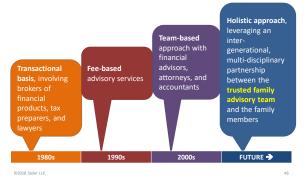
- In the next 50 years, there an estimated **\$60 trillion** will be passed to the next generation
- Global and historical phenomenon known as "shirtsleeves to shirtsleeves" or "clogs to clogs" – family wealth does not survive three generations

 Generation One creates the wealth
 - Generation Two enjoys the wealth
 - Generation Three losses the wealth

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Paradigm Shift in Wealth Management



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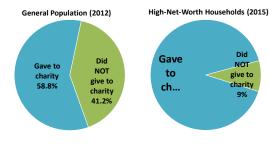
How does this impact planned giving?

- Statistically, only a few give to charity solely for tax advantages
- In large part, charitable intentions and motivations pervade
- At the same time, donors are unlikely to make charitable gifts if they do not fit into the overall financial plan

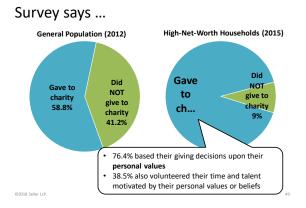


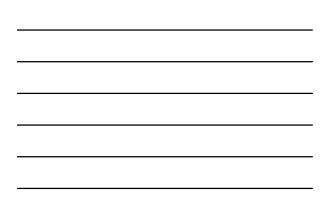
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Survey says ...

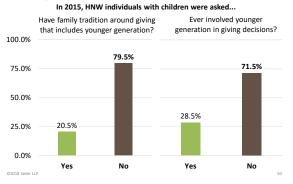


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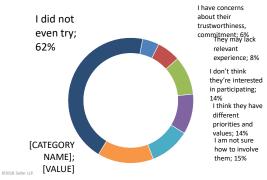


Survey Says ...





Reasons for NOT Involving Younger Gen





Successful Wealth Transition Planning

Requires a solid and unifying

- foundation built on: 1. Trust and
 - communication 2. Clearly-defined roles
 - for heirs
 - Family value-based mission



Role of Philanthropy

 Serves as a hidden pathway to family unity – not only has a proactive impact on society but also teaches the younger generations the skills and competencies necessary to lead fulfilling lives and steward their own wealth responsibly



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The Changing Conversation

- Our role is to help the older generation take on the mantel of being a steward of the family asset for the next generation through:
 - Awareness of the challenges, the roles and how to prepare themselves and their heirs
 - Assessment of opportunities for meaningful conversations about family wealth, legacy and values (which presumably will include philanthropy)
 - Action to strengthen trust and communication to prepare and follow-through the family mission statement
- Our role is not just to help prepare the wealth for the heirs but also to help prepare the heirs for the wealth!

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The Bottom Line

Synergizing Family Legacy with Altruism

- Therefore, the topic of family philanthropy used early and often – both formal and informal – is now of utmost importance in order to engage the next generation.
- The family that gives together, gives more ...and in the end keeps more!



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References

- Highlights of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act are select tax provisions from the 1986 Internal Revenue Code, as amended, affecting individual taxpayers from, "An Act to provide for reconciliation pursuant to titles II and V of the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2018," which was passed by the US Congress on 12/20/2017 and signed by the President on 12/22/2017
- The 2016 U.S. Trust Study of High Net Worth Philanthropy (Charitable Practices and Preferences of Wealthy Households), October, 2016
- Preparing Heirs: Five Steps to a Successful Transition of Family Wealth and Values, 1st Edition, Copyright 2003, by Roy Williams & Vic Preisser

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Today's Presenter



Elizabeth Sevilla, CLU, ChFC Tax Partner

Elizabeth has over 25 years of experience. She has spent the vast majority of her career with individual taxation and as leader in the firm's Trusts & Estates Practice. Over the past 2 decades, Elizabeth has worked dosely with high net worth individuals, closel held business owners, corporate executives and partners of investment having firms can be and use and the set of the banking firms and venture capital firms.

Elizabeth holds expertise in the following disciplines:

- Individual and fiduciary income tax compliance and planning
- Estate, trust, gift and charitable planning Estate tax return preparation and post mortem funding
- Business succession

 Executive benefit planning Life insurance due diligence

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- Professional Experience
 Senior Tax Director, BDO Seidman LLP
 Senior Tax Manager, Deloitte & Touché
 Senior Tax Manager, KPMG

- Education and Certifications Bachelor's degree in Psychology, Bachelor's degree in Economics, University of the Philippines Chartere Life Underwriter (CLU) and Icharter Financial Consultant (ChFC), Bryn Mawr American
- College Enrolled Agent (EA) with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS)

- Professional Memberships
 Society of Financial Service Professionals
 National Association of Enrolled Agents
 California State Society of CPAs, Trust & Estate
 Committee Chair
 San Francisco State Planning Council
 Northern California Planned Giving Council

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